



THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY OF EASTERN AFRICA

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MAIN EXAMINATION

MAY – JULY 2019 TRIMESTER

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND ACTUARIAL SCIENCE

SCHOOL-FOCUSED

MAT 503: FLUID MECHANICS

Date: JULY 2019

Duration: 3 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer any THREE Questions

- Q1. a) Derive the Von. Karman's integral equation for steady flow under no pressure gradient. **(12 marks)**
- b) For the velocity profile for laminar boundary layer
$$\frac{u}{U} = \sin \frac{\pi y}{2\delta}.$$
Find
i. an expression for the boundary layer thickness
ii. shear stress
iii. local drag coefficient **(8marks)**
- Q2. a) Discuss the Prandtl theory of boundary layer and its importance in fluid dynamics. **(8 marks)**
- b). Derive the Prandtl boundary layer equations for the flow over a semi-infinite plate using the asymptotic approach. **(12 marks)**
- Q3. a) Find the velocity distribution and skin friction for unsteady flow of a viscous incompressible fluid over an oscillating plate. **(13 marks)**

- b) Show that for a two dimensionally axially symmetric boundary layer flow

$$i. \int_0^{\infty} \left(1 - \frac{u}{U}\right)^2 \frac{r}{a} dn = \delta_1 - \delta_2.$$

$$ii. \int_0^{\infty} \left(1 - \frac{u}{U}\right)^3 \frac{r}{a} dn = \delta_1 - 3\delta_2 + \delta_3$$

$$iii. \int_0^{\delta} \left(\frac{u}{U}\right)^3 dy = \delta - \delta_1 - \delta_3$$

where symbols have their usual meaning.

(10marks)

- Q4. a) Consider the boundary layer equations

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = 0$$

$$u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = U \frac{dU}{dx} + \nu.$$

with the boundary conditions $u=v=0$ at $y=0$ and $u=U(x)$ as $y \rightarrow \infty$, using similarity variables

$$\varphi = \frac{1}{C} \sqrt{U}, x^{\frac{m+1}{12}} f(n)$$

$$n = yC \sqrt{\frac{U}{x}} \wedge U = U_1 x^m.$$

where $U_1 \wedge C$ are constants.

Show that $f''' + ff'' + \beta(1-f'^2) = 0$

where $\beta = 2m(m+1)$.

(23 marks)

- Q5. b) Show that at a distance x from a leading edge of a flat plate parallel to a stream of unbounded fluid moving outside the boundary layer with velocity U , the tangential stress on the plate is

$$\frac{1}{4} \rho \left(\frac{\nu^3}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \alpha$$

where $2\alpha^{\frac{-2}{3}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} F'(a)$ and $F(a)$ is the solution of the equation

$$f''' + ff'' = 0$$

for which $f(0) = f'(0) = 0$ and $f''(0) = 1$.

Show that the total drag D per unit breadth is given by

$$D = \frac{\alpha \rho L V^2}{\sqrt{R_e}}$$

where $R_e = \frac{UL}{\nu}$.

END