# THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY OF EASTERN AFRICA

# DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND ACTUARIAL SCIENCE

### END OF SEP-DEC 2020 TRIMESTER EXAM

#### MAT 230: VECTOR ANALYSIS

# INSTRUCTIONS: ANSWER QUESTION ONE AND ANY OTHER TWO TIME:2 HRS

## **QUESTION 1 (COMPULSORY)**

- a) State which of the following are scalars and which are vectors giving reasons.
  - i. Momentum
  - ii. Energy
  - iii. Speed
  - iv. Weight

b) Find the projection of the vector  $\hat{A} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$  on the vector  $\hat{B} = 4\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$  (5mks)

(4mks)

c) Find the angle between  $\hat{A} = 2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$  and  $\hat{B} = 6\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$  (5mks)

d) If 
$$\hat{A} = 5t^2\hat{i} + t\hat{j} - t^3\hat{k}$$
 and  $\hat{B} = \sin t\hat{i} - \cos t\hat{j}$  find  $\frac{d}{dt}(\hat{A} \times \hat{B})$  (6mks)

e) Given 
$$\phi = 2x^3 y^2 z^4$$
 find  $\nabla \cdot \nabla \phi$  (5mks)

f) If  $\hat{A} = (3x+6y)\hat{i} - 14yt\hat{j} + 20xz^2\hat{k}$ , evaluate  $\int \hat{A}.d\tilde{r}$  from (0,0,0) to (1,1,1) along the path  $x = t, y = t^2, z = t^3$  (5mks)

### QUESTION TWO 20MKS

a) Prove  
i. 
$$\nabla \times (\nabla \phi) = 0; Curlgrad \phi = 0$$
 (7mks)

ii. 
$$\nabla . (\nabla \times A) = 0; (div curl A = 0)$$
 (7mks)

b) Find the unit tangent vector to any point on the curve  $x = t^2 + 1$ , y = 4t - 3,  $z = 2t^2 - 6t$ , hence or otherwise determine the unit tangent at the point where t = 2 (6mks)

#### QUESTION THREE 20MKS

- a) Find the directional derivative of  $\phi = (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$  at the point p(3,1,2) in the direction of the vector  $yz\hat{i} + xz\hat{j} + xy\hat{k}$  (10mks)
- b) A fluid motion is given by  $\hat{V} = (y+z)\hat{i} + (z+x)\hat{j} + (x+y)\hat{k}$ , show that the motion is irrotational and hence find the velocity potential. (10mks)

# QUESTION FOUR 20 MKS

- a) If  $\hat{F} = 2z\hat{i} x\hat{j} + y\hat{k}$ , evaluate  $\iiint \hat{F} dv$  where v is the region bounded by the surfaces  $x = 0, y = 0, x = 2, y = 4, z = x^2, z = 2$  (10mks)
- b) Use Greens theorem to evaluate  $\int_{c} xy dx + x^2 dy$  where *c* is the boundary described counter clockwise of the triangle with vertices (0,1), (1,0), (1,1) (10mks)

#### **QUESTION FIVE 20MKS**

Show that  $\iint_{s} \hat{F} \cdot \hat{n} ds = \frac{3}{2}$  where  $\hat{F} = 4xz\hat{i} - y^{2}\hat{j} + yz\hat{k}$  and *s* is the surface of the cube bounded by the planes x = 0, x = 1, y = 0, y = 1, z = 0, z = 1 (20mks)