

LE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY OF EASTERN AFRICA

A. M. E. C. E. A

P.O. Box 62157 00200 Nairobi - KENYA Telephone: 891601-6 Fax: 254-20-891084 E-mail:academics@cuea.edu

MAIN EXAMINATION

SEPTEMBER – DECEMBER 2020 TRIMESTER

FACULTY OF ARTS AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCES AND DEVELOPMENT STUDIES

REGULAR PROGRAMME

BIR 302: INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS AND HUMANITARIAN LAW

Date: DECEMBER 2020 Duration: 2 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer part ONE and any other TWO Questions

1.

- a. It is said that "international human rights and humanitarian law have several definitions." Provide at least two of these definitions (5 marks).
- b. Name and explain the different sources of international human rights and humanitarian law (5 marks).
- c. Discuss the role of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights in the development of the international human rights and humanitarian law (10 marks)
- d. Discuss the meaning of perception of rights in the international human rights and humanitarian law (10 marks)

2.

- a. Discuss the origin and the meaning of the just war principles and their relevance to the international human rights and humanitarian law (10 marks)
- b. Explain the meaning and the relevance of *jus ad bellum*, *jus in bello* and *jus post bellum* in the protection of human rights (10 marks).

3.

- a. Name and discuss the international human rights and humanitarian law instruments that are politically binding and those that are legally binding (10 marks).
- b. Name and discuss the different enforcement mechanisms of international human rights and humanitarian law (10 marks).

4.

- a. State and explain all the principles of jus ad bellum (10 marks)
- b. Name and discuss all the principles of jus in bello and their relevance to the modern warfare (5 marks)
- c. Explain the principles of jus post bellum and why they are considered necessary (5 marks)
- 5. "Human rights treaties can be descried as of general application, for specific phenomena and for specific groups." In reference to this statement name and explain:
 - a. Treaties that are meant for universal application (5 marks).
 - b. For specific phenomena (5 marks)
 - c. For specific group (10 marks).

END

END