

# THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY OF EASTERN AFRICA

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### MAIN EXAMINATION

#### **AUGUST – DECEMBER 2018 TRIMESTER**

# **FACULTY OF SCIENCE**

#### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND ACTUARIAL SCIENCE

# **REGULAR / PART TIME PROGRAMME**

**MAT 502: FLUID MECHANICS I** 

Date: DECEMBER 2018 Duration: 3 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer Question ONE and any other THREE Questions

- Q1. a) Discuss the Prandtl theory of boundary layer and its importance in fluid dynamics. (8 marks)
  - b) Derive the Prandtl boundary layer equations for the flow over a semiinfinite plate using the asymptotic approach. (12 marks)
- Q2. a) Derive the Von. Karman's integral equation for steady flow under no pressure gradient. (12 marks)
  - b) For the velocity profile for laminar boundary layer  $\frac{u}{U} = \sin \frac{\pi y}{2\delta}$ . find
    - i) an expression for the boundary layer thickness
    - ii) shear stress
    - iii) local drag coeffient

(8 marks)

- Q3. a) Find the velocity distribution and skin friction for unsteady flow of a viscous incompressible fluid over an oscillating plate. (10 marks)
  - b) Show that for a two dimensionally axially symmetric boundary layer flow

$$i) \int_0^\infty \left(1 - \frac{u}{v}\right)^2 \frac{r}{a} dn = \delta_1 - \delta_2.$$

$$ii) \int_0^\infty \left(1 - \frac{u}{v}\right)^3 \frac{r}{a} dn = \delta_1 - 3\delta_2 + \delta_3$$

$$iii) \int_0^{\delta} \left(\frac{u}{U}\right)^3 dy = \delta - \delta_1 - \delta_3$$

where symbols have their usual meaning.

Q4. Consider the boundary layer equations

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$$

$$u\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = U\frac{dU}{dx} + v\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}.$$

with the boundary conditions u = v = 0 at y = 0 and u = U(x) as  $y \to \infty$ , using similarity variables

$$\varphi = \frac{1}{C} \sqrt{v U}, x^{\frac{m+1}{12}} f(n)$$

$$n = yC\sqrt{\frac{U}{Vx}}$$
 and  $U = U_1x^m$ .

where  $U_1$  and C are constants.

Show that 
$$f''' + ff'' + \beta (1 - f^2) = 0$$
 where  $\beta = 2m(m + 1)$ .

(20 marks)

Q5. Show that at a distance x from a leading edge of a flat plate parallel to a stream of unbounded fluid moving outside the boundary layer with velocity U, the tangential stress on the plate is

$$\frac{1}{4}\rho\left(v\,\frac{v^3}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\alpha$$

where  $2\alpha^{\frac{-2}{3}} = \lim_{n \to \infty} F'(a\eta)$  and  $F(a\eta)$  is the solution of the equation

$$f^{'''} + ff^{''} = 0$$

for which f(0) = f'(0) = 0 and f''(0) = 1.

Show that the total drag D per unit breadth is given by

$$D = \frac{a\rho LV^2}{\sqrt{R_e}}$$

where 
$$R_e = \frac{UL}{V}$$
.

(20 marks)

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