



THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY OF EASTERN AFRICA

A. M. E. C. E. A

P.O. Box 62157
00200 Nairobi - KENYA
Telephone: 891601-6
Fax: 254-20-891084
E-mail: academics@cuea.edu

MAIN EXAMINATION

JANUARY – APRIL 2015 TRIMESTER

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

REGULAR PROGRAMME

DIT 009: INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER NETWORKS

Date: April 2015	Duration: 2 Hours
INSTRUCTIONS: Answer Question ONE and ANY OTHER TWO Questions	

- Q1. a) Define the following terms:
- i) Computer network (1 mark)
 - ii) Communication protocol (1 mark)
 - iii) Topology (1 mark)
 - iv) Layering (1 mark)
 - v) Model (1 mark)
- b) Briefly describe **FOUR** advantages and **FOUR** disadvantages of computer networks. (8 marks)
- c) Describe the role of the following layers:
- i) Application layer (2 marks)
 - ii) Transport layer (2 marks)
 - iii) Network layer (2 marks)
- d) What are the **FOUR** considerations that need to be made when choosing a topology? (4 marks)

- e) State an advantage of each of the following topologies.
- i) Bus (1 mark)
 - ii) Star (1 mark)
 - iii) Ring (1 mark)
- f) Describe **THREE** advantages of fiber optic cable over twisted pair and coaxial cables. (3 marks)
- g) What is the advantage of a Local Area Network (LAN) over a point-to-point network? (1 mark)
- Q2. a) Describe the following topologies..
- i) Bus (1 mark)
 - ii) Star (1 mark)
 - iii) Ring (1 mark)
 - iv) Mesh (1 mark)
- b) State the role of the following devices that are used to setup a network.
- i) Network Interface Card (NIC) (1 mark)
 - ii) Repeater (1 mark)
 - iii) Hub (1 mark)
 - iv) Bridge (1 mark)
 - v) Router (1 mark)
 - vi) Switch (1 mark)
- c) List any **THREE** wireless transmission waves. (3 marks)
- d) A signal radiated from an antenna travels along one of the following three routes. Briefly describe them (use diagrams)
- i) Group wave (1 mark)
 - ii) Sky wave (1 mark)
 - iii) Line-of-sight (LOS) (1 mark)

- e) Describe the difference between coaxial cable and twisted wiring based on the following factors.
- i) Cost (1 mark)
 - ii) Data rate (1 mark)
 - iii) Security (1 mark)
 - iv) Electromagnetic compatibility (1 mark)
- Q3. a) Briefly describe the following types of locality of reference.
- i) Spatial (1 mark)
 - ii) Temporal (1 mark)
- b) Explain why locality of reference makes Local Area Network more effective. (2 marks)
- c) Discuss the operations of the following LAN technologies:
- i) Ethernet (2 marks)
 - ii) Token ring (2 marks)
 - iii) Fiber Distributed Data Interconnect (FDDI) (2 marks)
 - iv) Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) (2 marks)
- d) Domain name system (DNS) defines two types of servers. Briefly describe their roles:
- i) Primary server (1 mark)
 - ii) Secondary server (1 mark)
- e) What is an advantage of a hierarchical namespace over a flat name space for a system the size of the internet? (1 mark)
- f) What is the purpose of the inverse domain? (1 mark)
- g) Distinguish the following terms as used in the domain name system.
- i) Recursive and iterative resolution (2 marks)
 - ii) Fully Quantified Domain Name and Partially Quantified Domain Name. (2 marks)

- Q4. a) What is the fundamental difference between Wide Area Network (WAN) and Local Area Network (LAN)? **(2 marks)**
- b) Identify and describe the **THREE** WAN connection types giving a technology used in each. **(9 marks)**
- c) Describe **FOUR** cases where Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) can be used. **(4 marks)**
- d) State **THREE** advantages of frame relay over X.25 and **TWO** advantages of frame relaying over TDM. **(5 marks)**
- Q5. a) Briefly describe the following data transfer features that Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) provides:
- i) Connection oriented **(2 marks)**
 - ii) Reliable **(2 marks)**
 - iii) Full duplex **(2 marks)**
 - iv) Byte stream **(2 marks)**
- b) Describe the following mechanisms that TCP implements to meet reliability guarantees.
- i) Sequency **(2 marks)**
 - ii) Flow control **(2 marks)**
 - iii) Retransmission and duplicate handling **(2 marks)**
- c) List **TWO** applications that use User Datagram Protocol (UDP). **(2 marks)**
- d) State **TWO** advantages of UDP over TCP. **(4 marks)**

END