



THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY OF EASTERN AFRICA

A. M. E. C. E. A

P.O. Box 62157

00200 Nairobi - KENYA

Telephone: 891601-6

Ext 1022/23/25

MAIN EXAMINATION

JANUARY – APRIL 2022

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

REGULAR PROGRAMME

CHEM 307: APPLIED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I

Date: APRIL 2022

Duration: 2 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer Question ONE and any TWO Questions

Q1.

- Explain the meaning of radical polymerization. **[2 marks]**
- Write a three steps mechanism involved in polymerization of ethene in the presence of hydrogen peroxide as the radical initiator. **[8 marks]**
- Outline the three common methods used in the termination step in radical polymerization. **[6 marks]**
- Polystyrene is a polymer material used for insulation in house construction. Complete the reaction scheme below by showing the product formed on reaction of three molecules of styrene. **[4 marks]**



- Define the following terms: **[4 marks]**
 - Monomers
 - Polymers
 - Homopolymers

iv. Copolymers

- f. Condensation polymerization gives low molecular weight polymers in comparison to that obtained from chain growth polymerization. Explain **[4 marks]**
- g. State four properties to consider when determining the type of polymer to use in electrical insulation of electrical cables. **[2marks]**

Q2.

- a. Explain what you understand by ‘tacticity of polymers’ **[2 marks]**
- b. Using a reasonable mechanism, show the steps involved in the polymerization of propylene upon heating at 400 °C. **[6 marks]**
- c. Using a section of polypropylene structure, explain the three types of tacticity in polymers **[6 marks]**
- d. Describe briefly any three polymer post-processing methods **[6 marks]**

Q3.

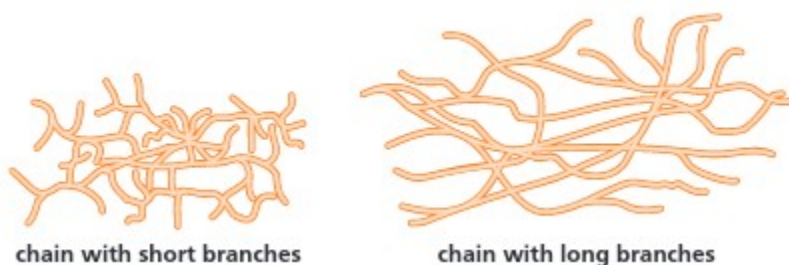
- a. Explain the difference between cationic chain-growth polymerization and anionic chain growth polymerization. **[4 marks]**
- b. Using a reasonable mechanism and a catalyst of your choice, show the three important steps in cationic polymerization of 2-methylpropene. **[12 marks]**
- c. Branching in polymerization plays a major role in controlling some of the physical properties of polymers such as density of the polymer (high-density polyethylene or low-density polyethylene). Illustrate with the help of a mechanism how branching occurs in the polymerization of ethene. **[4 marks]**

Q4.

- a. Explain what you understand by ring-opening polymerization **[2 marks]**
- b. Branch polymerization determines a number of properties, such as density, in various polymers.
- i. Explain why branched polymers have low density compared to linear polymers

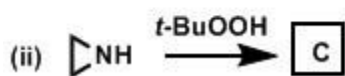
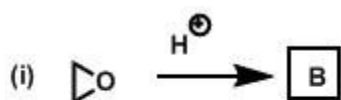
[2 marks]

ii. The figure below shows two different chain lengths of branched polymers.



Account for the different chain lengths in branched polymers. Mechanism required. [6 marks]

c. Using a reasonable reaction mechanism, provide the products from the monomers [6 marks]



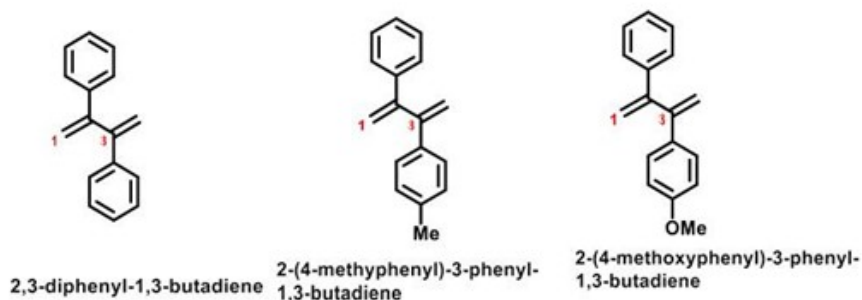
d. Explain the following terminologies as used in polymer chemistry

[4 marks]

- i. Polydispersity index
- ii. Molecular weight average
- iii. Glass
- iv. Glass transition temperature

Q5.

2,3-Diphenyl-1,3-butadiene and derivatives below are monomers used in the synthesis of poly(-2,3-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene) derivatives.



- i. Draw a representative polymer framework illustrating the *cis*- and *trans*-1,3- poly(- 2,3-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene) and for the other two monomers provided above. [12 marks]
- ii. Ziegler catalyst requires Natta co-catalyst for its desirable catalytic activity. Suggest a reason for this requirement using a reasonable reaction mechanism. [8 marks]

END